

Topic C. House, home and daily routine

1. Types of home
2. Information about self, family and friends
3. Helping around the house
4. Food and drinks

Révisions

GRAMMAIRE

Les adjectifs

An adjective is a word which tells you more about a noun. In French, adjectives agree with the nouns they describe, which means that they are **masculine**, **feminine**, **singular** or **plural** to match the noun.

Important : most adjectives go after the words they describe.

Many adjectives follow a regular pattern.

VOCABULAIRE

assez = quite
très = very

| SINGULAR | | PLURAL | |
|---|-----------|-----------|------------|
| masculine | feminine | masculine | feminine |
| Regular adjectives add -e in the feminine form and -s in the plural form: | | | |
| grand | grande | grands | grandes |
| Adjectives which already end in -e (with no accent) have no different feminine form: | | | |
| utile | utile | utiles | utiles |
| Adjectives which already end in -s have no different masculine plural form: | | | |
| français | française | français | françaises |
| Some adjectives double the last letter before adding -e for the feminine form: | | | |
| bon | bonne | bons | bonnes |
| Adjectives in -eux become -euse in the feminine form: | | | |
| curieux | curieuse | curieux | curieuses |
| Adjectives in -er become -ère in the feminine form: | | | |
| cher | chère | chers | chères |
| Adjectives in -if become -ive in the feminine form: | | | |
| sportif | sportive | sportifs | sportives |
| Some adjective are irregular and you just need to learn them! | | | |
| blanc | blanche | blancs | blanches |
| nouveau | nouvelle | nouveaux | nouvelles |
| beau | belle | beaux | belles |
| long | longue | longs | longues |

GRAMMAIRE

Les adjectives

Bon à savoir

If the adjective ends in **-x**, don't add **-s** in the plural form.



J'ai les cheveux roux!

If the adjective ends in **-e** already, don't add another one.



Je suis modeste.

Et je suis modeste aussi!

The adjective **marron** (brown/chestnut) never changes.

Some adjectives go **BEFORE** the noun they describe.

- beau
- bon
- court
- grand
- gros
- haut
- jeune
- joli
- long
- mauvais
- petit
- premier
- vieux

VOCABULAIRE

Pour moi un bon ami / une bonne amie est quelqu'un ... For me, a good friend is someone...

- avec qui je peux partager mes intérêts with whom I can share my interests
- à qui je peux tout raconter who I can tell everything
- avec qui je peux être moi-même with whom I can be myself
- à qui je peux me confier who I can confide in
- qui est toujours là pour moi who is always there for me
- qui me fait sourire who makes me smile
- qui me comprend who understands me
- qui sait garder un secret who can keep a secret
- qui ne juge pas who does not judge
- sur qui je peux compter I can count on
- qui me fait rire who makes me laugh

Pour moi un bon ami / une bonne amie est quelqu'un ...

| | |
|------------------|---------------|
| qui est... | who is... |
| loyal / fidèle | loyal |
| aimable | good natured |
| ouvert | open |
| sensible | sensitive |
| honnête | honest |
| généreux / euse | generous |
| sympa | kind |
| compréhensif/ive | understanding |



Selon moi, un bon ami / une bonne amie

serait... (would be)

devrait être... (should be)

Introduction



Linguscope



Famille & amis

Family & Friends

Scénette de présentation

Choix multiple

Activité de glisser-déposer

Méli-mélo de textos



Jeu de mémoire

surbiton
ankela